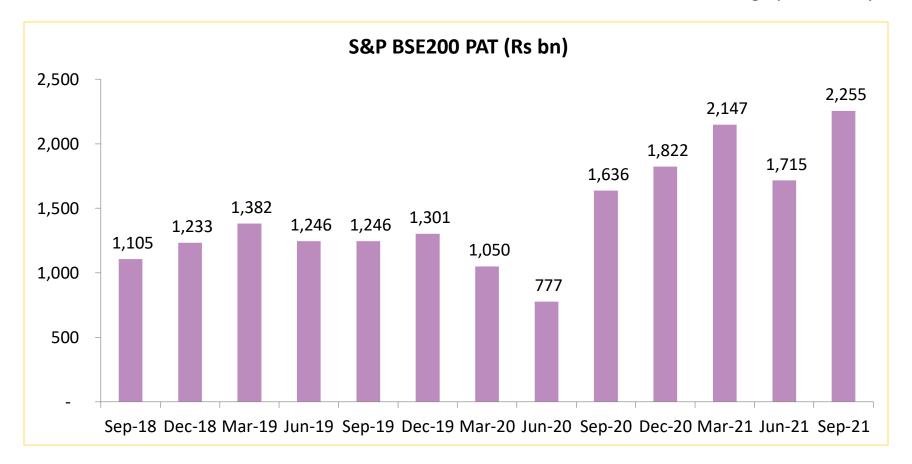
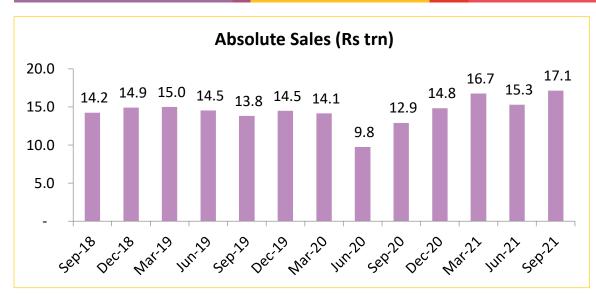


S&P BSE200 profit at all time high levels; even in a weak quarter

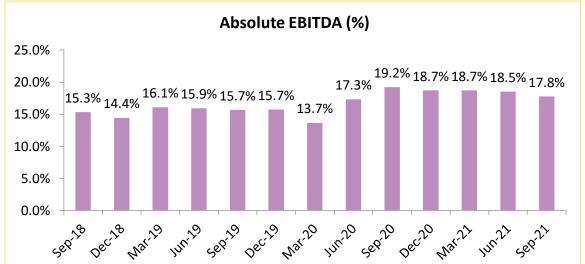
- S&PBSE200 Profits in Sept-21 were Rs 2,255 bn (2,25,500 cr); up from Rs 1,715 bn in Q1 FY22
- Profits were boosted from sectors like Metals and Oil & Gas, which had record high profitability



Sales at record high; margins dip due to high input costs



- Sep-21 Sales (Rs 17.1 trn) higher than Sep-19 levels (Rs 13.8 trn)
- Sales were also at highest ever levels

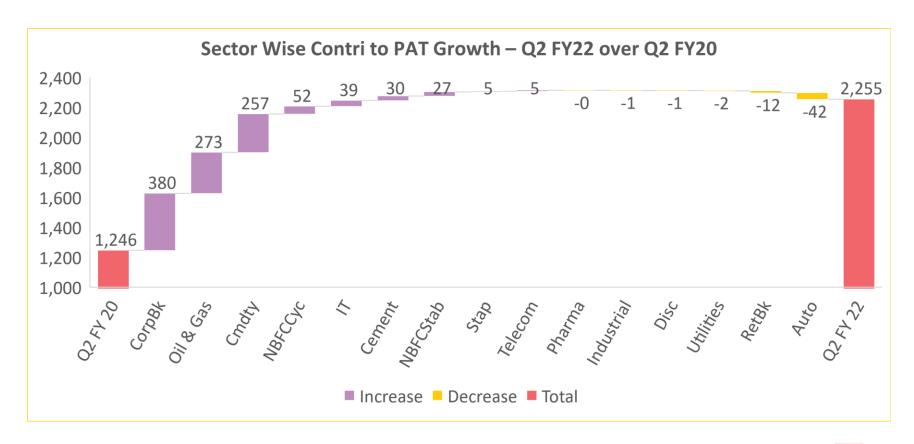


- Sep-21 Margins at 17.8% falling 70 bps QoQ and 140 bps YoY.
- Despite the fall in the current quarter, margins are significantly higher than the 15-16% range prepandemic



Q2FY20 PAT growth drivers - Corporate Banks, Oil & Gas & Metals

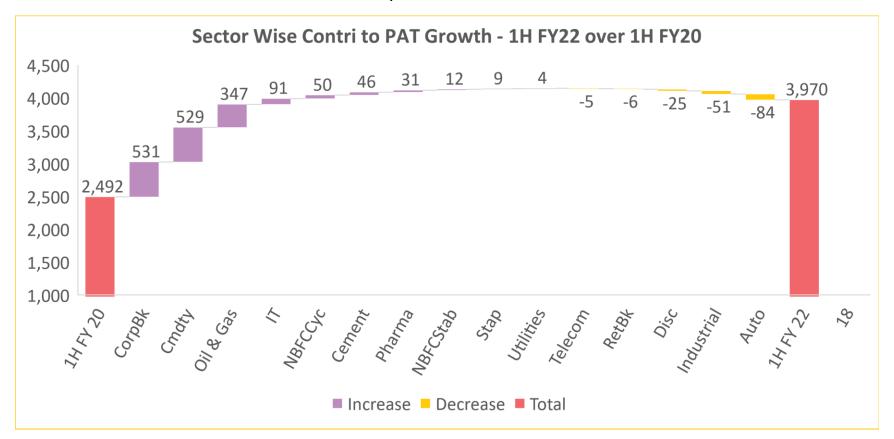
- Swing in profits driven by Commodities (Metals), Corporate Banks and Oil-Gas
- Sectors like Auto saw a negative swing on account of operating deleverage (low sales on account of semiconductor shortage) and high commodity prices





PAT Drivers - 1HFY22 v/s 1H FY 20

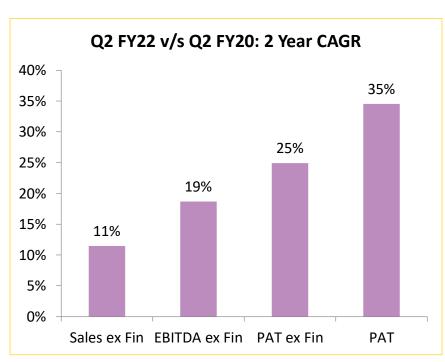
- 1H FY 22 profits are at Rs 3,970 bn (3,97,000 cr) compared to Rs 2,492 bn (2,49,200 cr), a jump of 59%
- Drivers of 2H are the same as 2Q Corporate Banks, Oil & Gas and Metals

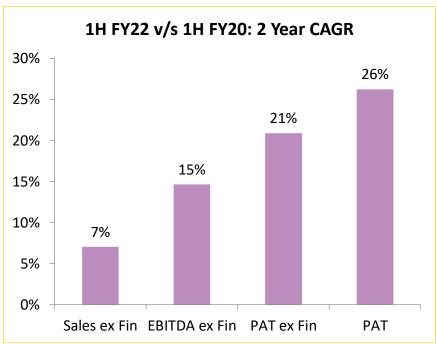




Q2 and 1H FY22 Earnings Snapshot

- Q2 Sales growth as compared to Q2 FY 20 was at 11% CAGR; Profits grew 35% CAGR
- 1H FY 21 Sales CAGR as compared to 1H FY 20 was 7% CAGR; EBITDA and PAT CAGR was 15% and 26% CAGR



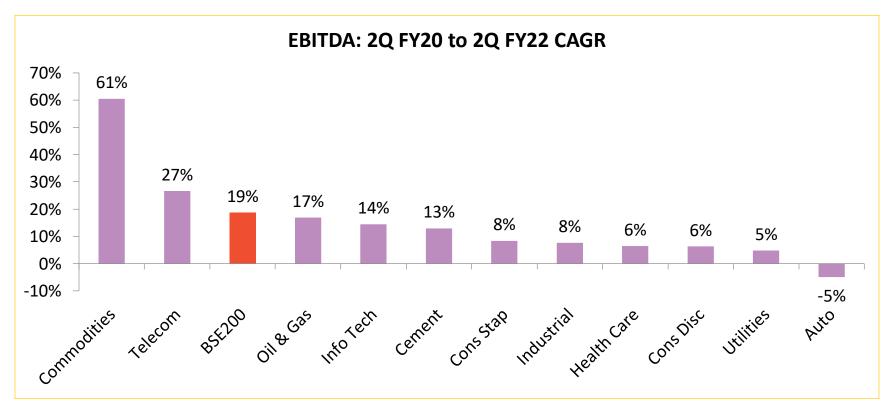




Q2 FY 22: Sector Wise EBITDA Growth

Commodities & Telecom gain; Auto only sector where EBITDA was lower than Q2 FY 20

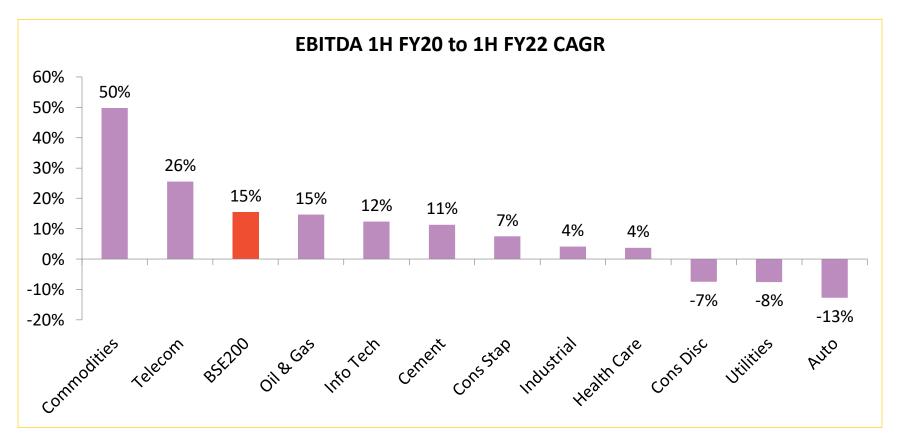
- S&P BSE200 EBITDA growth of 19% CAGR
 - Commodities and Telecom grown higher than S&P BSE200
- All other sectors except Auto reported EBITDA higher than pre-pandemic (Q2 FY20) levels



1H FY22: Sector Wise EBITDA Growth

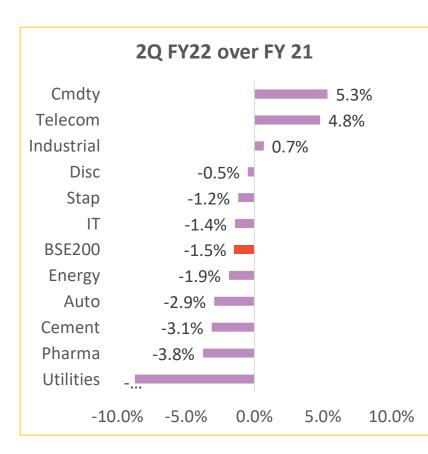
1H trends similar as 2Q FY 22

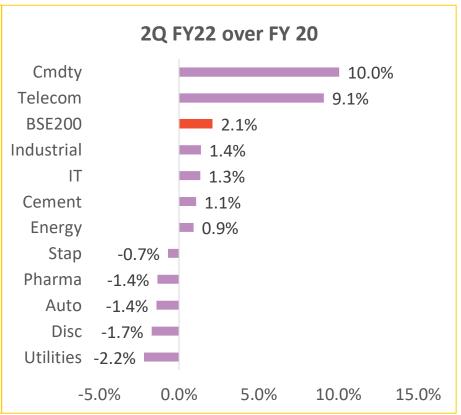
- Again in 1H PAT growth of only 2 sectors Commodities & Telecom was higher than S&P BSE200 PAT Growth
- In 1H 3 sectors Consumer Discretionary, Utilities and Auto had a PAT lower than 1H FY 20



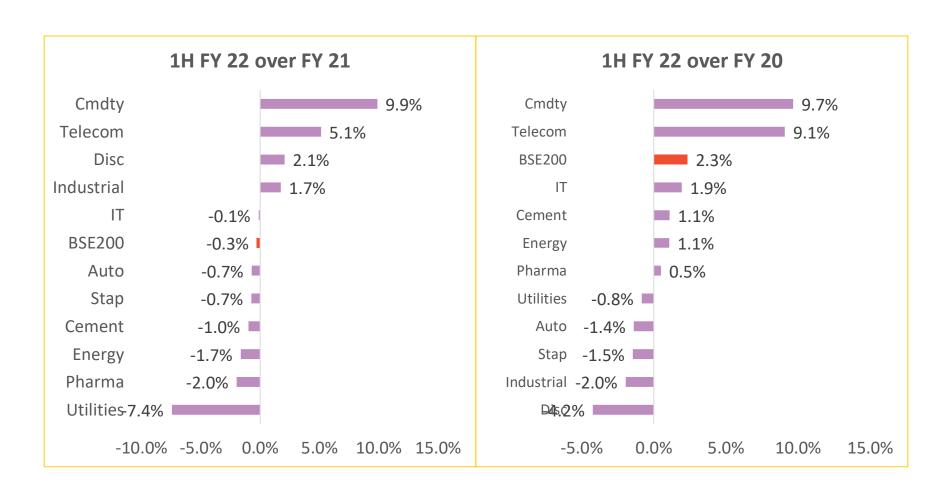
Q2 EBITDA margins under pressure across sectors YoY

- S&P BSE200 EBITDA Margin was lower 1.5% on a YoY basis most sectors saw a dip in margins on a YoY basis. Only two sectors Commodities & Telecom saw a sharp jump in margins
- As compared to Q2 FY20, margin was 210 bps higher and driven by Commodities and Telecom



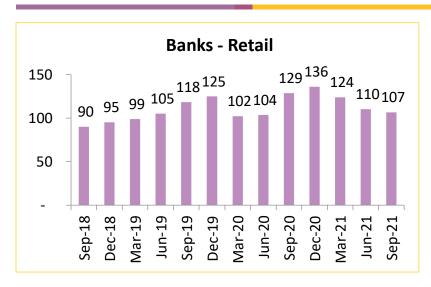


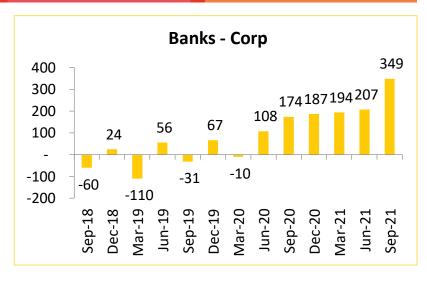
1H EBITDA Margins compared to 1H FY21 and FY20

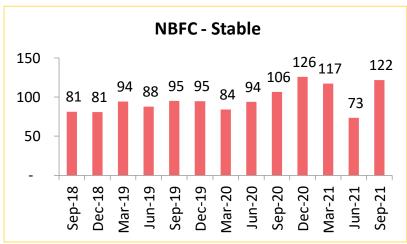


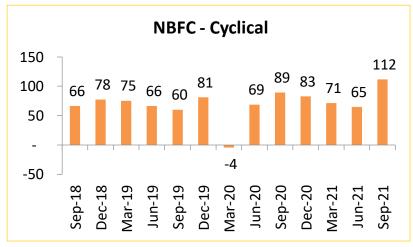


Financials: Sharp upswing in Corporate Bank profitability





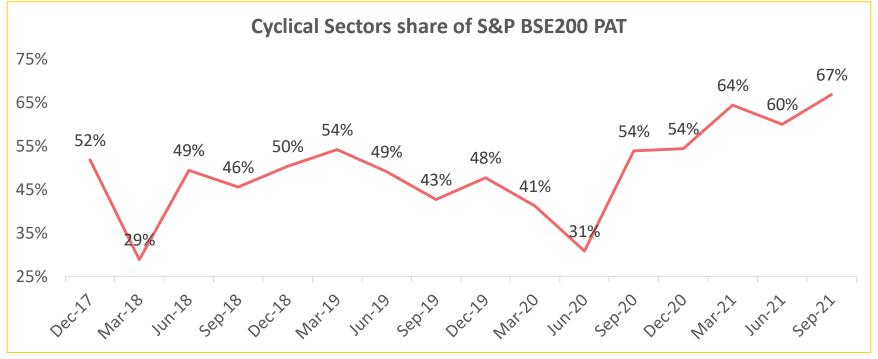






Significant increase in Cyclical Sectors share of S&P BSE200 PAT

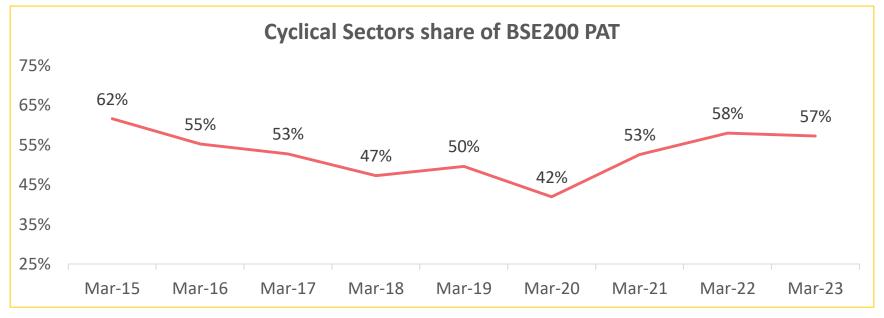
- Share of Cyclical Sector PAT in BSE 200 averaged ~ 45% from Dec-17 to Dec-20
- In the last 3 quarters, Cyclical Sector share in PAT has jumped to > 60% hitting a peak of 67% in Sep-21



| PAT in Rs bn | Dec-17 | Mar-18 | Jun-18 | Sep-18 | Dec-18 | Mar-19 | Jun-19 | Sep-19 | Dec-19 | Mar-20 | Jun-20 | Sep-20 | Dec-20 | Mar-21 | Jun-21 | Sep-21 |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Stable Sectors | 544 | 578 | 586 | 602 | 612 | 633 | 634 | 714 | 680 | 617 | 538 | 754 | 830 | 764 | 686 | 749 |
| Cyclical Sectors | 585 | 234 | 572 | 503 | 621 | 749 | 611 | 532 | 621 | 433 | 239 | 881 | 992 | 1,383 | 1,029 | 1,506 |
| Cyclical Share of PAT | 52% | 29% | 49% | 46% | 50% | 54% | 49% | 43% | 48% | 41% | 31% | 54% | 54% | 64% | 60% | 67% |

Cyclical share of S&P BSE200 PAT seems to have bottomed in FY20

- Share of Cyclical sectors in S&P BSE200 PAT seems to have bottomed at 42% in FY20
- This share is expected to go up to 57% in FY 23, which is lower than the >60% share seen in the last 3 quarters

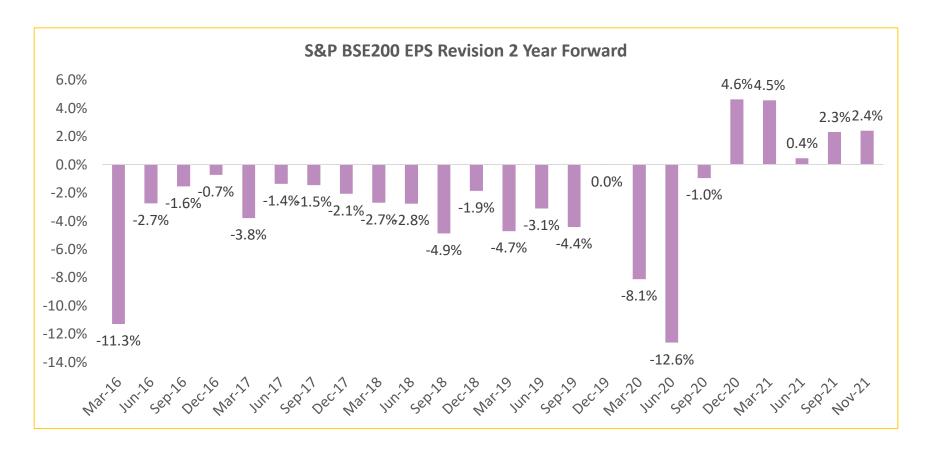


| PAT in Rs bn | Mar-15 | Mar-16 | Mar-17 | Mar-18 | Mar-19 | Mar-20 | Mar-21 | Mar-22 | Mar-23 |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Stable Sectors | 1,510 | 1,766 | 2,023 | 2,181 | 2,501 | 2,755 | 2,901 | 3,474 | 4,219 |
| Cyclical Sectors | 2,418 | 2,176 | 2,257 | 1,951 | 2,461 | 1,987 | 3,208 | 4,787 | 5,635 |
| Cyclical Share of PAT | 62% | 55% | 53% | 47% | 50% | 42% | 53% | 58% | 57% |



Upgrades to FY23 Estimates continue in 2Q FY22

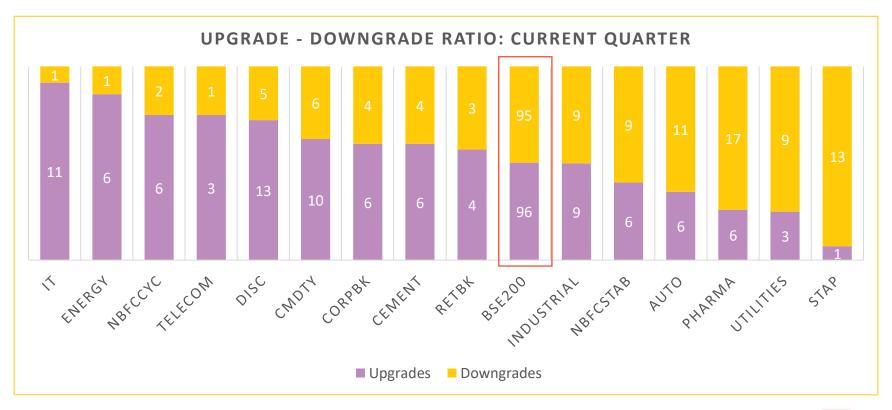
- Upgrades to FY 23 estimates continued for the 5th consecutive quarter
- First time since the 2008 GFC that the BSE 200 has seen 5 consecutive quarters of upgrades





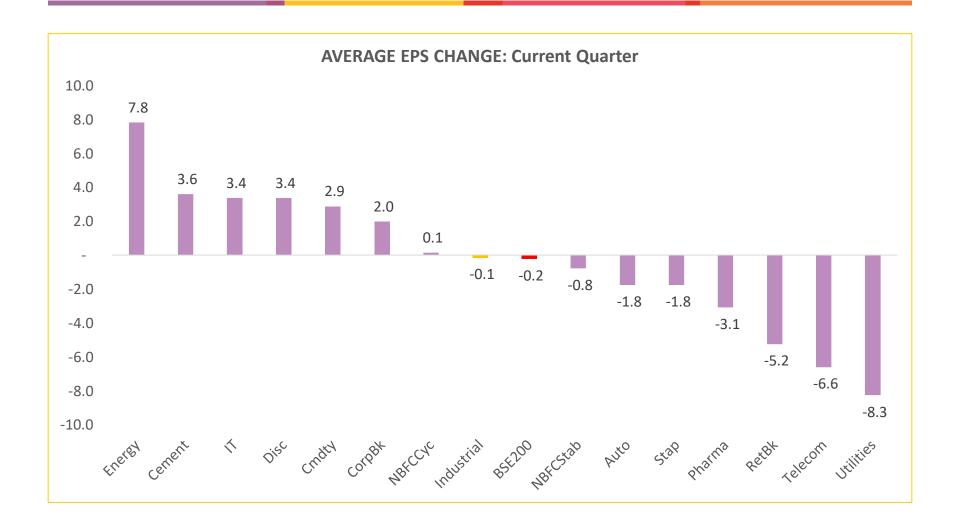
FY 23 Estimates: Breadth of Upgrades narrowed

- Despite the BSE200 EPS upgrade, for the first time after 4 quarters, S&P BSE200 stocks saw more downgrades than upgrades
- The Index EPS upgrade was driven by a narrow range of stocks within Metals and Corporate Banks
- Staples had the worst ratio with 13 downgrades to 1 upgrade driven by margin concerns on account of high input costs





FY 23 Estimates: Breadth of Upgrades narrowed



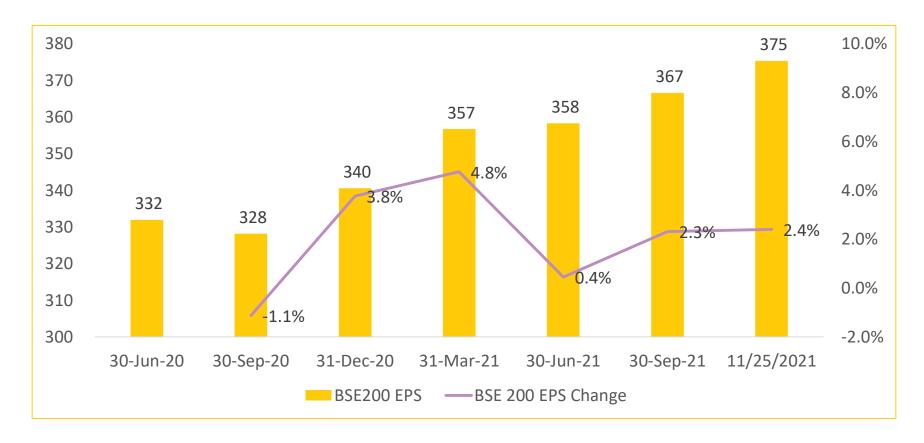


TREND IN FY23 ESTIMATES OVER THE LAST 5 QUARTERS



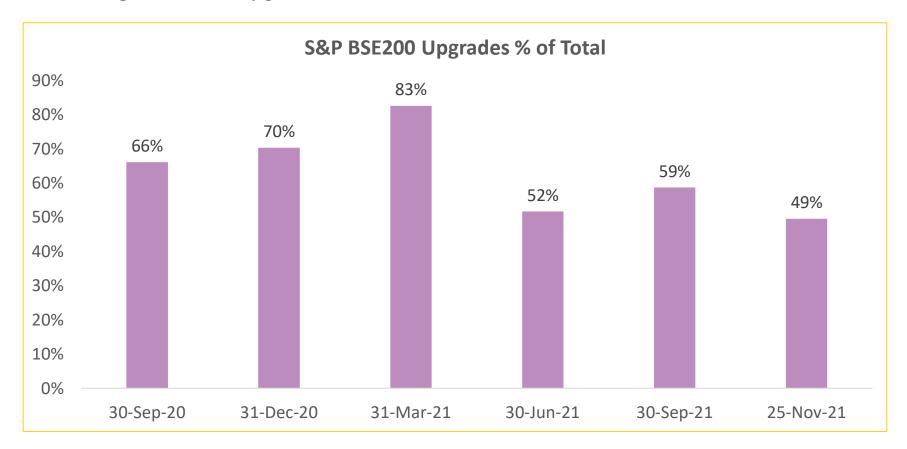
Trend in FY 23 EPS Estimate: S&P BSE200

 FY 23 EPS estimate for S&P BSE200 has moved from a bottom of 328 in Sep-20 to 375 in Nov-21, an increase of 14%



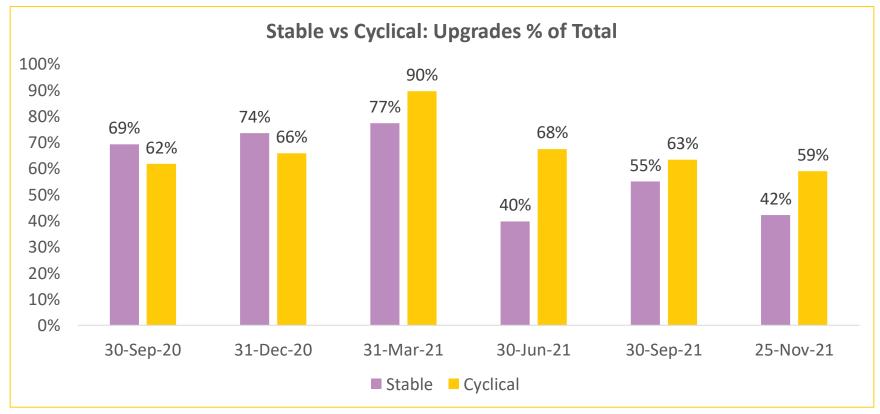
Trend in Breadth of upgrades for FY23 Estimates

 Breadth of upgrades has narrowed, with current quarter reporting more downgrades than upgrades



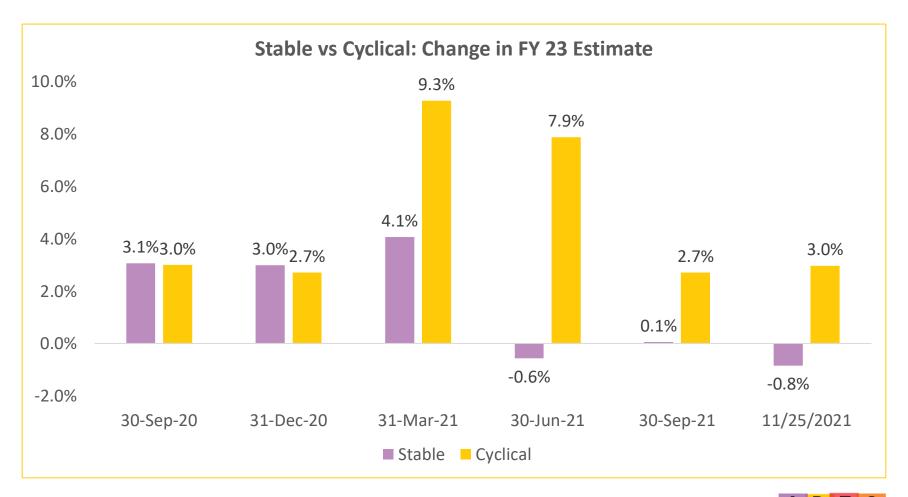
Trend in Breadth of upgrades: Stable v/s Cyclical

- For the last 4 quarters, cyclicals have seen significantly higher upgrades than downgrades.
- Stable sectors, on the other hand have seen more downgrades than upgrades in the current quarter and even in the quarter ended Jun-21



Trend in FY 23 EPS Estimates: Stable vs Cyclical

In terms of absolute level of EPS, Cyclical sector EPS has seen a much higher upgrade



Trend in FY 23 EPS Estimates: Sector Wise

- Commodities and Cement saw 6 consecutive quarters of EPS upgrades
- Sectors like Corp Banks and IT also saw a strong upgrade cycle
- On the flip side, FMCG estimates have been stagnant

| | Sep-20 | Dec-20 | Mar-21 | Jun-21 | Sep-21 | Nov-21 |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| Banks - Retail | -0.9% | 1.8% | 4.3% | -0.9% | -1.2% | -2.8% |
| Banks - Corp | -0.9% | 6.8% | 13.2% | 5.9% | 0.3% | 2.3% |
| NBFC - Stable | 1.6% | 0.4% | 5.4% | 0.1% | -0.8% | -0.3% |
| NBFC - Cyclical | 0.1% | 2.6% | 14.4% | -2.6% | 0.0% | 1.3% |
| Auto | 14.5% | 5.7% | 17.0% | 1.7% | -2.8% | -1.8% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 0.3% | 0.9% | 6.5% | -2.4% | 1.2% | 1.3% |
| Consumer Staples | 0.6% | 0.0% | 0.0% | -0.5% | -0.4% | -1.0% |
| Information Technology | 5.8% | 7.3% | 4.9% | -0.3% | 1.4% | 1.0% |
| Health Care | 8.0% | 3.0% | 1.7% | 0.6% | 1.3% | -1.9% |
| Cement / Building Mat | 18.9% | 15.8% | 6.2% | 4.5% | 7.4% | 3.1% |
| Industrials | -4.1% | 5.4% | 4.4% | 3.7% | -1.8% | 0.7% |
| Commodities | 4.9% | 11.7% | 11.0% | 34.5% | 6.7% | 6.1% |
| Energy | 1.5% | -6.2% | 7.2% | 0.3% | 3.9% | 6.3% |
| Utilities | 2.9% | -2.7% | 2.0% | 0.7% | 3.1% | -1.3% |
| Telecommunication Services | 30.6% | 4.4% | -37.0% | -32.4% | -18.2% | -151.7% |
| BSE200 | 3.0% | 2.8% | 6.9% | 4.1% | 1.6% | 1.4% |
| Stable | 3.1% | 3.0% | 4.1% | -0.6% | 0.1% | -0.8% |
| Cyclical | 3.0% | 2.7% | 9.3% | 7.9% | 2.7% | 3.0% |

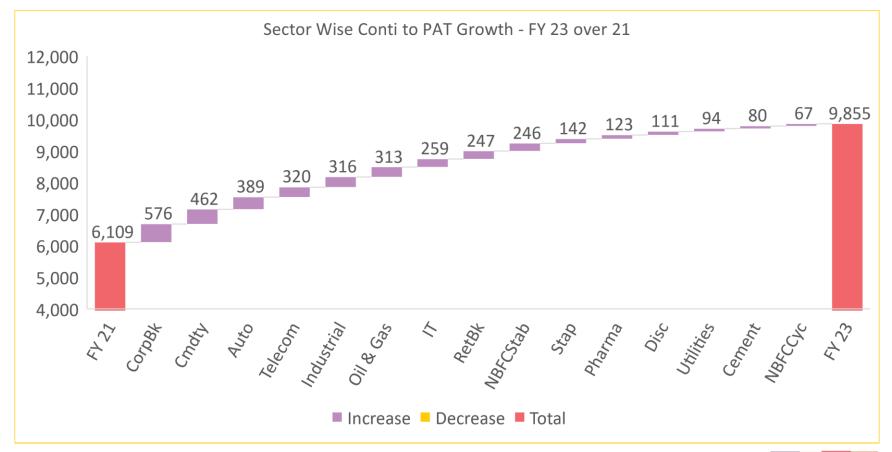
Trend in Breadth of upgrades: Sector Wise

- Commodities & Cement have seen more upgrades than downgrades in each of the last 6 quarters
- IT & Corp Banks have a positive upgrade/downgrade ratio (5 out of last 6 quarters)

| | Sep-20 | Dec-20 | Mar-21 | Jun-21 | Sep-21 | Nov-21 |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|------------|--------|--------|
| Banks - Retail | 57% | 71% | 86% | 14% | 43% | 57% |
| Banks - Corp | 33% | 78% | 100% | 89% | 56% | 60% |
| NBFC - Stable | 54% | 67% | 87% | 50% | 40% | 40% |
| NBFC - Cyclical | 75% | 88% | 88% | 38% | 38% | 75% |
| Auto | 75% | 76% | 88% | 41% | 18% | 35% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 79% | 65% | 89% | 28% | 72% | 72% |
| Consumer Staples | 54% | 79% | 64% | 44% | 63% | 13% |
| Information Technology | 80% | 100% | 100% | 33% | 83% | 83% |
| Health Care | 76% | 76% | 57% | 43% | 61% | 26% |
| Cement / Building Mat | 89% | 90% | 100% | 80% | 100% | 60% |
| Industrials | 25% | 43% | 86% | 75% | 50% | 44% |
| Commodities | 67% | 81% | 88% | 81% | 69% | 63% |
| Energy | 71% | 29% | 100% | 71% | 86% | 86% |
| Utilities | 88% | 33% | 70% | 55% | 73% | 27% |
| Telecommunication Services | 75% | 50% | 50% | 25% | 25% | 75% |
| BSE200 | 66% | 70% | 83% | 52% | 59% | 49% |
| Stable | 69% | 74% | 77% | 40% | 55% | 42% |
| Cyclical | 62% | 66% | 90% | 68% | 63% | 59% |

Sector Contribution to Absolute PAT Growth

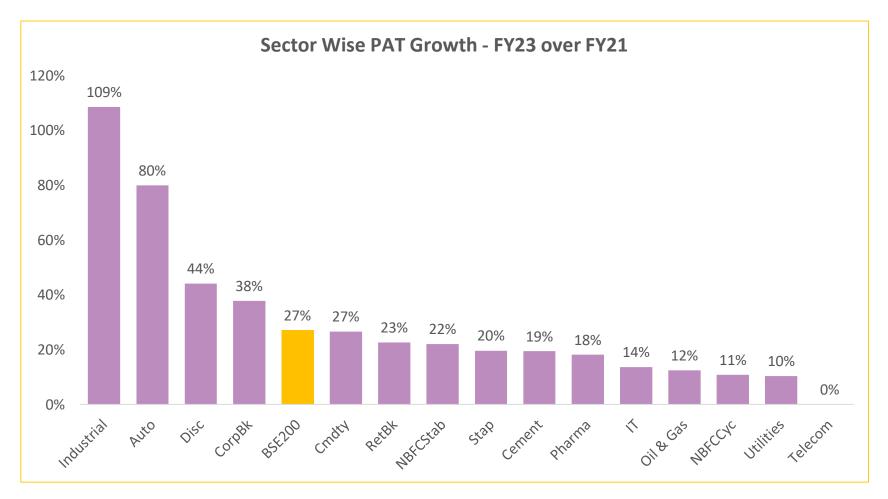
- Key drivers of Earnings from FY 21-23: Corporate Banks, Commodities, Auto and Telecom
 - Commodities turn around has played out; Corp Banks also has largely played out
- Turn around in Auto and Telecom profits will be the key drivers of FY23 profitability





Sector Wise PAT Growth

Cyclicals and Discretionary sectors expected to have the highest PAT growth





Profit Summary: Sector Wise (Absolute)

- Q2 S&P BSE200 PAT clocked Rs 2,255 bn. Annualizing this number gives a PAT of Rs 9,020 bn
- Given the run rate of Q2 profits in a weak quarter the FY23 estimate of Rs 9,855 bn seems achievable
- Sectors like Commodities, Energy and Corp Banks seem to be running ahead of the FY23 ask rate
 - o analysts are expecting some moderation in Earnings for these sectors
- On the flip side, sectors like Auto & Telecom need to turn around in order to deliver FY 23 PAT
- Turnaround in these sectors will be key for meeting FY 23 estimates

| SectorWise Absolute PAT | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | Q | | FY | FY | FY | FY |
|--------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| | Jun-19 | Sep-19 | Dec-19 | Mar-20 | Jun-20 | Sep-20 | Dec-20 | Mar-21 | Jun-21 | Sep-21 | | Mar-20 | Mar-21 | Mar-22 | Mar-23 |
| Banks - Retail | 105 | 118 | 125 | 102 | 104 | 129 | 136 | 124 | 110 | 107 | | 450 | 492 | 582 | 739 |
| Banks - Corp | 56 | -31 | 67 | -10 | 108 | 174 | 187 | 194 | 207 | 349 | | 18 | 642 | 929 | 1,218 |
| NBFC - Stable | 88 | 95 | 95 | 84 | 94 | 106 | 126 | 117 | 73 | 122 | | 483 | 503 | 570 | 749 |
| NBFC - Cyclical | 66 | 60 | 81 | -4 | 69 | 89 | 83 | 71 | 65 | 112 | | 186 | 295 | 299 | 362 |
| Auto | 29 | 68 | 90 | -6 | -97 | 72 | 132 | 150 | -13 | 26 | | 178 | 174 | 374 | 563 |
| Consumer Discretionary | 37 | 38 | 38 | 15 | -5 | 25 | 46 | 40 | 13 | 37 | | 126 | 103 | 156 | 214 |
| Consumer Staples | 85 | 95 | 91 | 82 | 73 | 94 | 94 | 95 | 88 | 101 | | 346 | 330 | 409 | 472 |
| Information Technology | 190 | 200 | 209 | 203 | 192 | 219 | 241 | 214 | 242 | 239 | | 795 | 887 | 1,012 | 1,146 |
| Health Care | 61 | 70 | 43 | 60 | 71 | 87 | 73 | 80 | 92 | 70 | | 234 | 310 | 360 | 432 |
| Cement / Building Mat | 55 | 34 | 36 | 67 | 34 | 53 | 71 | 87 | 71 | 64 | | 167 | 188 | 228 | 268 |
| Industrials | 53 | 46 | 63 | 26 | -32 | 54 | 57 | 73 | 3 | 46 | | 191 | 94 | 258 | 411 |
| Commodities | 136 | 187 | 113 | 208 | 8 | 156 | 265 | 412 | 407 | 444 | | 627 | 766 | 1,420 | 1,228 |
| Energy | 243 | 205 | 232 | 219 | 171 | 301 | 300 | 411 | 317 | 478 | | 954 | 1,185 | 1,277 | 1,498 |
| Utilities | 87 | 110 | 72 | 38 | 78 | 137 | 102 | 118 | 94 | 107 | | 349 | 433 | 464 | 527 |
| Telecommunication Servic | -44 | -50 | -54 | -35 | -89 | -60 | -89 | -38 | -54 | -45 | _ | -363 | -292 | -77 | 27 |
| BSE200 | 1,246 | 1,246 | 1,301 | 1,050 | 777 | 1,636 | 1,822 | 2,147 | 1,715 | 2,255 | | 4,742 | 6,109 | 8,261 | 9,855 |
| Stable Sectors | 634 | 714 | 680 | 617 | 538 | 754 | 830 | 764 | 686 | 749 | | 2,755 | 2,901 | 3,474 | 4,219 |
| Cyclical Sectors | 611 | 532 | 621 | 433 | 239 | 881 | 992 | 1,383 | 1,029 | 1,506 | | 1,987 | 3,208 | 4,787 | 5,635 |



Suggested Actionable

- Balanced Advantage remains a preferred strategy for first time or conservative investor
- Add Value focused strategy as a tool to diversify or broaden core equity allocation
- Small Cap focused strategy remains an essential component in Value "toolkit" for diversification
- Not the time to increase equity allocation, reallocate existing allocation
- Still a market to buy on "dips" rather than "reduce equity allocation"



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